

Funkce dvou proměnných

1. Určete definiční obor funkcí dvou proměnných:

a) $f(x,y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 - 4}$

b) $f(x,y) = \sqrt{-x^2 + 2x - y^2 - 8y - 8}$

c) $f(x,y) = \ln(x^2 - 4y)$

d) $f(x,y) = \ln(2x + y - 1)$

e) $f(x,y) = x + \arccos y$

f) $f(x,y) = \frac{5}{x-y} + \frac{x}{y}$

g) $f(x,y) = \sqrt{x+y} + \sqrt{y-3}$

h) $f(x,y) = \frac{\ln(xy^2)}{x-y}$

2. Určete parciální derivace funkcí:

a) $f(x,y) = x^2 + 2y^2$

b) $f(x,y) = yx^2 + \cos y$

c) $f(x,y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 5}$

d) $f(x,y) = \ln(xy + y^4)$

e) $f(x,y) = x \ln(y+x)$

f) $f(x,y) = \sin(xy)$

3. Vypočtěte parciální derivace prvních a druhých řádů funkce

a) $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + 1$

b) $f(x,y) = x^3 + 2x^2y^2 + x$

c) $f(x,y) = \ln xy$

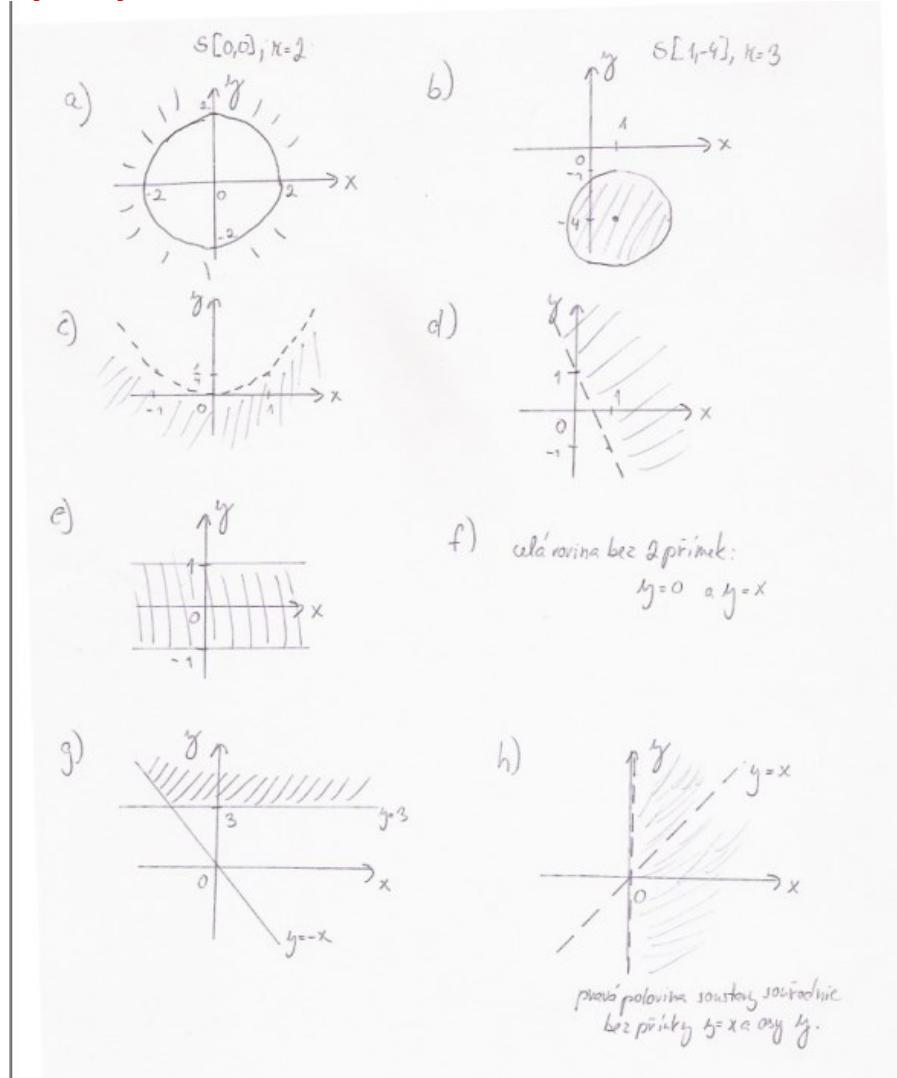
d) $f(x,y) = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{y}$

4. Vypočtěte parciální derivace prvního a druhého řádu v bodě C:

a) $f(x,y) = x^2 + 5y^2 + x$, C [1,2]

b) $f(x,y) = x^3y^2 + y^2$, C [-2,3]

Výsledky:



2:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= 2x, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 4y & \text{b)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= 2xy, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x^2 - \sin y, & \text{c)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 5}}, \\
 \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 5}}, & \text{d)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= \frac{y}{xy + y^4} = \frac{1}{x + y^3}, & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= \frac{x + 4y^3}{xy + y^4}, & \text{e)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= \ln(x+y) + \frac{x}{x+y}, \\
 \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= \frac{x}{x+y}, & \text{f)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= y \cos xy, & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= x \cos xy
 \end{aligned}$$

3:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= 2x, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = 2, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 2, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = 0 \\
 \text{b)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= 3x^2 + 4xy^2 + 1, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 4x^2y, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = 6x + 4y^2, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 8x, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = 8xy \\
 \text{c)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= \frac{1}{x}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{y}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{1}{x^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{1}{y^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{d)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = -\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2},$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{x^2 - y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$4: \text{a) } \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(1,2) = 3, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(1,2) = 20, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(1,2) = 2, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(1,2) = 10, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}(1,2) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}(1,2) = 0$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(-2,3) = 108, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(-2,3) = -42, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(-2,3) = -108, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(-2,3) = -14,$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}(-2,3) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}(-2,3) = 72$$